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Name of the module/subject Code		
Numerical Analysis and Statistics 101010221101	code 010102211010342018	
Field of study Profile of study (general academic, practical) Environmental Engineering Second-cycle (brak) Year /Semester	1/1	
Elective path/specialty Water Supply, Water and Soil Protection Subject offered in: Polish Course (comput	sory, elective)	
Cycle of study: Form of study (full-time,part-time)		
Second-cycle studies full-time	full-time	
No. of hours No. of credits		
Lecture: 30 Classes: 15 Laboratory: - Project/seminars: - 2	2	
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (university-wide, from another field)		
(brak) (brak)		
Education areas and fields of science and art ECTS distribution and %)	n (number	
technical sciences 2 100%		
Technical sciences 2	100%	

Responsible for subject / lecturer:

dr inż. Zenon Zbąszyniak

email: zenon.zbaszyniak@put.poznan.pl

tel. 616652839

Faculty of Electrical Engineering Piotrowo 3A, 60-965 Poznań

Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:

1	Knowledge	student knows - within the scope embraced by the mathematical training at the undergraduate level - the concepts in matrix algebra, in differential and integral calculus, and in differential equations			
0	Claille	student knows how to			
2	Skills	1) solve arbitrary systems of linear algebraic equations,			
		2) calculate derivatives and simple integrals,			
		3) produce analytical solutions to basic differential equations.			
3		student			
3	Social competencies	1) is aware of the importance of mathematics in the description of scientific and engineering problems,			
		2) understands the need for learning			
		- both of these features already established during undergraduate studies.			

Assumptions and objectives of the course:

- 1) to familiarize students with the terminology and methods for the numerical solution of mathematical problems and statistical description of phenomena,
- 2) to show the specificity of numerical calculations and that of statistical elaborations,
- 3) show the area where the above applies.

Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study

Knowledge:

- 1. student knows basic concepts in numerical analysis and basic numerical methods [X2A_W02, X2A_W03,X2A_W04]
- 2. student knows basic concepts in descriptive and mathematical statistics; in particular, knows how to formulate hypotheses and to verify them $[X2A_W02, X2A_W03, X2A_W04]$
- 3. student has a broader and deeper mathematical knowledge which is appropriate for issues found in environmental engineering [T2A_W01]
- 4. student knows basic methods, techniques, tools and materials which are necessary to treat complex engineering tasks in the field (s)he is being educated [T2A_W07]

Skills:

Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering

- 1. a critical evaluation of the results obtained in theoretical considerations and in calculations, including these produced by computers [X2A_U02]
- 2. the ability to find information in the literature and in the Internet [X2A_U03]
- 3. ability to apply the adquired knowledge in environmental engineering issues [X2A_U04]

Social competencies:

- 1. student is aware of the importance of mathematics in the description of scientific and engineering problems [-]
- 2. student understands the need in continuous education [X2A_K01, T2A_K01]
- 3. student understands the importance of precision, especially when (s)he is involved in any co-operation [X2A_K02, T2A_K03]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Marks which are issued during cab classes (classes realized in a traditional way, with a chalk and blackboard) on the basis of homework and in the exam (in normal mode: written exam; in the re-sit mode: written and oral).

Course description

Revision 2017

Applied methods of education: lectures and practical lessons.

Lecture with multimedia presentation (including: drawings, photos) supplemented by examples given on the board. Interactive lectures with problems and questions for students. The activity of students is taken into account in valuation of them. Discussion during lectures is expected.

Connections with others mathematical subjects are indicated.

Practical lessons. Solving of exemplary exercises on a blackboard. Discussion of solutions with relative comments.

- 1) floating-point arithmetics, stability, conditioning, correctness, efectivity result,
- 2) polynomial collocation and least-square approximation,
- 3) methods to numerical find zeros of nonlinear algebraic equations,
- 4) numerical differentation and quadratures,
- 5) numerical treatment of ordinary differential equations,
- 6) statistical description of random samples, incl. linear correlation and Pearson coeffcient,
- 7) theoretical discrete distributions (Binomial, Geometrical, Poisson),
- 8) theoretical continuous distributions, statistical hypotheses.

Basic bibliography:

- 1. Z.Fortuna, B.Macukow, J.Wąsowski, Metody numeryczne, WNT (liczne wydania)
- 2. M.Liskowski, Podstawy statystyki praktycznej, WSHiG Poznań 2003

Additional bibliography:

- 1. A.Bjorck, G.Dahlquist, Metody numeryczne, PWN 1987
- 2. G.I.Marczuk, Modelowanie matematyczne problemów środowiska naturalnego, PWN 1985

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. participation in classes, self-study and preparation of reports	120

Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS		
Total workload	60	2		
Contact hours	50	1		
Practical activities	20	1		